

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Consolidated Balance Sheets

| | June 30 | December 31 |
|---|-----------|-------------|
| <i>(millions of dollars, except share data) (unaudited)</i> | 2010 | 2009 |
| Assets | | |
| Current assets | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents <i>(note 4)</i> | \$ 104 | \$ 392 |
| Accounts receivable | 1,361 | 987 |
| Inventories | 1,688 | 1,520 |
| Prepaid expenses | 43 | 12 |
| | 3,196 | 2,911 |
| Property, plant and equipment | 37,669 | 36,289 |
| Less accumulated depletion, depreciation and amortization | 16,006 | 15,035 |
| | 21,663 | 21,254 |
| Goodwill | 696 | 689 |
| Contribution receivable | 1,352 | 1,313 |
| Other assets | 198 | 128 |
| | \$ 27,105 | \$ 26,295 |
| Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity | | |
| Current liabilities | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | \$ 1,994 | \$ 2,185 |
| Long-term debt <i>(note 6)</i> | 4,016 | 3,229 |
| Contribution payable | 1,542 | 1,500 |
| Other long-term liabilities <i>(note 7)</i> | 1,050 | 1,036 |
| Future income taxes | 3,963 | 3,932 |
| Commitments and contingencies <i>(note 8)</i> | | |
| Shareholders' equity | | |
| Common shares <i>(note 9)</i> | 3,585 | 3,585 |
| Retained earnings | 10,933 | 10,832 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income | 22 | (4) |
| | 14,540 | 14,413 |
| | \$ 27,105 | \$ 26,295 |
| Common shares outstanding <i>(millions) (note 9)</i> | 849.9 | 849.9 |

The accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

Consolidated Statements of Earnings and Comprehensive Income

| | Three months ended June 30 | | Six months ended June 30 | |
|---|-------------------------------|----------|-----------------------------|----------|
| <i>(millions of dollars, except share data) (unaudited)</i> | 2010 | 2009 | 2010 | 2009 |
| Sales and operating revenues, net of royalties | \$ 4,568 | \$ 3,916 | \$ 9,039 | \$ 7,566 |
| Costs and expenses | | | | |
| Cost of sales and operating expenses | 3,615 | 2,658 | 7,007 | 5,312 |
| Selling and administration expenses | 76 | 73 | 135 | 124 |
| Stock-based compensation <i>(note 9)</i> | (1) | 7 | (1) | 3 |
| Depletion, depreciation and amortization | 511 | 450 | 996 | 920 |
| Interest - net <i>(note 6)</i> | 55 | 50 | 104 | 88 |
| Foreign exchange <i>(note 6)</i> | (19) | 34 | (20) | 1 |
| Other - net | (14) | (2) | 19 | 39 |
| | 4,223 | 3,270 | 8,240 | 6,487 |
| Earnings before income taxes | 345 | 646 | 799 | 1,079 |
| Income taxes (recoveries) | | | | |
| Current | 84 | 345 | 162 | 712 |
| Future | (5) | (129) | 26 | (391) |
| | 79 | 216 | 188 | 321 |
| Net earnings | 266 | 430 | 611 | 758 |
| Other comprehensive income | | | | |
| Cumulative foreign currency translation adjustment | 110 | (256) | 35 | (165) |
| Hedge of net investment, net of tax <i>(note 12)</i> | (39) | 57 | (13) | 37 |
| Derivatives designated as cash flow hedges, net of tax <i>(note 12)</i> | - | - | 4 | 1 |
| | 71 | (199) | 26 | (127) |
| Comprehensive income | \$ 337 | \$ 231 | \$ 637 | \$ 631 |
| Earnings per share | | | | |
| Basic and diluted | \$ 0.31 | \$ 0.51 | \$ 0.72 | \$ 0.89 |
| Weighted average number of common shares outstanding <i>(millions) (note 9)</i> | | | | |
| Basic and diluted | 849.9 | 849.6 | 849.9 | 849.5 |

The accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity

| <i>(millions of dollars) (unaudited)</i> | Three months ended June 30 | | Six months ended June 30 | |
|---|-------------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|-----------|
| | 2010 | 2009 | 2010 | 2009 |
| Common shares | | | | |
| Beginning of period | \$ 3,585 | \$ 3,570 | \$ 3,585 | \$ 3,568 |
| Options exercised | - | 14 | - | 16 |
| End of period | 3,585 | 3,584 | 3,585 | 3,584 |
| Retained earnings | | | | |
| Beginning of period | 10,922 | 10,509 | 10,832 | 10,436 |
| Net earnings | 266 | 430 | 611 | 758 |
| Ordinary dividends on common shares | (255) | (255) | (510) | (510) |
| End of period | 10,933 | 10,684 | 10,933 | 10,684 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income | | | | |
| Beginning of period | (49) | 431 | (4) | 359 |
| Other comprehensive income | | | | |
| Cumulative foreign currency translation adjustment | 110 | (256) | 35 | (165) |
| Hedge of net investment, net of tax <i>(note 12)</i> | (39) | 57 | (13) | 37 |
| Derivatives designated as cash flow hedges, net of tax <i>(note 12)</i> | - | - | 4 | 1 |
| End of period | 71 | (199) | 26 | (127) |
| Shareholders' equity | \$ 14,540 | \$ 14,500 | \$ 14,540 | \$ 14,500 |

The accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

| <i>(millions of dollars) (unaudited)</i> | Three months ended June 30 | | Six months ended June 30 | |
|--|-------------------------------|----------|-----------------------------|----------|
| | 2010 | 2009 | 2010 | 2009 |
| Operating activities | | | | |
| Net earnings | \$ 266 | \$ 430 | \$ 611 | \$ 758 |
| Items not affecting cash | | | | |
| Accretion <i>(note 7)</i> | 13 | 12 | 26 | 25 |
| Depletion, depreciation and amortization | 511 | 450 | 996 | 920 |
| Future income taxes (recoveries) | (5) | (129) | 26 | (391) |
| Foreign exchange | 21 | 69 | 6 | 46 |
| Other | - | 1 | 36 | 40 |
| Settlement of asset retirement obligations <i>(note 7)</i> | (7) | (5) | (22) | (15) |
| Change in non-cash working capital <i>(note 4)</i> | (308) | (265) | (591) | (585) |
| Cash flow - operating activities | 491 | 563 | 1,088 | 798 |
| Financing activities | | | | |
| Bank operating loans financing - net | - | (51) | - | - |
| Long-term debt issuance | 345 | 2,954 | 1,679 | 3,604 |
| Long-term debt repayment | (345) | (1,416) | (979) | (1,866) |
| Debt issue costs | - | (13) | (4) | (13) |
| Proceeds from exercise of stock options | - | 5 | - | 6 |
| Proceeds from monetization of financial instruments | - | - | - | 37 |
| Dividends on common shares | (255) | (255) | (510) | (510) |
| Other | 20 | 3 | 23 | 4 |
| Change in non-cash working capital <i>(note 4)</i> | (27) | 10 | 3 | (153) |
| Cash flow - financing activities | (262) | 1,237 | 212 | 1,109 |
| Available for investing | 229 | 1,800 | 1,300 | 1,907 |
| Investing activities | | | | |
| Expenditures on property, plant and equipment | (614) | (488) | (1,333) | (1,218) |
| Asset sales | 9 | 3 | 12 | 26 |
| Other | (24) | (1) | (74) | (3) |
| Change in non-cash working capital <i>(note 4)</i> | 2 | (172) | (193) | (388) |
| Cash flow - investing activities | (627) | (658) | (1,588) | (1,583) |
| Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | (398) | 1,142 | (288) | 324 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period | 502 | 95 | 392 | 913 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, end of period | \$ 104 | \$ 1,237 | \$ 104 | \$ 1,237 |

The accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

Note 1 Segmented Financial Information

| | Upstream | | Midstream | | | | Downstream | | | | Corporate and Eliminations ⁽¹⁾ | | Total | |
|---|------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|---|-----------------|------------------|------------------|
| | 2010 | 2009 | Upgrading | | Infrastructure and Marketing | | Canadian Refined Products | | U.S. Refining and Marketing | | 2010 | 2009 | 2010 | 2009 |
| | | | 2010 | 2009 | 2010 | 2009 | 2010 | 2009 | 2010 | 2009 | | | | |
| Three months ended June 30 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sales and operating revenues, net of royalties | \$ 1,086 | \$ 1,167 | \$ 405 | \$ 399 | \$ 1,959 | \$ 1,760 | \$ 700 | \$ 587 | \$ 1,881 | \$ 1,497 | \$ (1,463) | \$ (1,494) | \$ 4,568 | \$ 3,916 |
| Costs and expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Operating, cost of sales, selling and general | 396 | 364 | 354 | 389 | 1,895 | 1,678 | 659 | 506 | 1,856 | 1,237 | (1,484) | (1,438) | 3,676 | 2,736 |
| Depletion, depreciation and amortization | 394 | 348 | 16 | 8 | 10 | 9 | 25 | 23 | 47 | 49 | 19 | 13 | 511 | 450 |
| Interest - net | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 55 | 50 | 55 | 50 |
| Foreign exchange | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (19) | 34 | (19) | 34 |
| | 790 | 712 | 370 | 397 | 1,905 | 1,687 | 684 | 529 | 1,903 | 1,286 | (1,429) | (1,341) | 4,223 | 3,270 |
| Earnings (loss) before income taxes | 296 | 455 | 35 | 2 | 54 | 73 | 16 | 58 | (22) | 211 | (34) | (153) | 345 | 646 |
| Current income taxes | 16 | 270 | 15 | 17 | 16 | 25 | 15 | 8 | - | - | 22 | 25 | 84 | 345 |
| Future income taxes | 70 | (138) | (5) | (17) | (2) | (5) | (11) | 8 | (8) | 77 | (49) | (54) | (5) | (129) |
| Net earnings (loss) | \$ 210 | \$ 323 | \$ 25 | \$ 2 | \$ 40 | \$ 53 | \$ 12 | \$ 42 | \$ (14) | \$ 134 | \$ (7) | \$ (124) | \$ 266 | \$ 430 |
| Expenditures on property, plant and equipment - Three months ended June 30 ⁽²⁾ | \$ 490 | \$ 405 | \$ 16 | \$ 12 | \$ 12 | \$ 5 | \$ 65 | \$ 20 | \$ 51 | \$ 43 | \$ 4 | \$ 7 | \$ 638 | \$ 492 |
| Six months ended June 30 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sales and operating revenues, net of royalties | \$ 2,338 | \$ 2,212 | \$ 913 | \$ 712 | \$ 4,046 | \$ 3,795 | \$ 1,306 | \$ 1,075 | \$ 3,600 | \$ 2,625 | \$ (3,164) | \$ (2,853) | \$ 9,039 | \$ 7,566 |
| Costs and expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Operating, cost of sales, selling and general | 779 | 741 | 821 | 643 | 3,905 | 3,626 | 1,229 | 928 | 3,574 | 2,278 | (3,148) | (2,738) | 7,160 | 5,478 |
| Depletion, depreciation and amortization | 769 | 719 | 25 | 16 | 20 | 18 | 51 | 46 | 93 | 99 | 38 | 22 | 996 | 920 |
| Interest - net | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 1 | 103 | 87 | 104 | 88 |
| Foreign exchange | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (20) | 1 | (20) | 1 |
| | 1,548 | 1,460 | 846 | 659 | 3,925 | 3,644 | 1,280 | 974 | 3,668 | 2,378 | (3,027) | (2,628) | 8,240 | 6,487 |
| Earnings (loss) before income taxes | 790 | 752 | 67 | 53 | 121 | 151 | 26 | 101 | (68) | 247 | (137) | (225) | 799 | 1,079 |
| Current income taxes | 32 | 561 | 25 | 36 | 31 | 50 | 30 | 16 | - | - | 44 | 49 | 162 | 712 |
| Future income taxes | 197 | (343) | (6) | (21) | 1 | (8) | (23) | 13 | (25) | 90 | (118) | (122) | 26 | (391) |
| Net earnings (loss) | \$ 561 | \$ 534 | \$ 48 | \$ 38 | \$ 89 | \$ 109 | \$ 19 | \$ 72 | \$ (43) | \$ 157 | \$ (63) | \$ (152) | \$ 611 | \$ 758 |
| Expenditures on property, plant and equipment - Six months ended June 30 ⁽²⁾ | \$ 1,172 | \$ 1,073 | \$ 25 | \$ 31 | \$ 15 | \$ 19 | \$ 81 | \$ 25 | \$ 73 | \$ 69 | \$ 6 | \$ 13 | \$ 1,372 | \$ 1,230 |
| Total assets - As at June 30 | \$ 16,768 | \$ 15,877 | \$ 1,424 | \$ 1,429 | \$ 1,692 | \$ 1,364 | \$ 1,473 | \$ 1,624 | \$ 5,122 | \$ 5,081 | \$ 626 | \$ 1,486 | \$ 27,105 | \$ 26,861 |

⁽¹⁾ Eliminations relate to sales and operating revenues between segments recorded at transfer prices based on current market prices, and to unrealized intersegment profits in inventories.

⁽²⁾ Excludes capitalized costs related to asset retirement obligations incurred during the period.

Geographical Financial Information

| | Canada | | United States | | Other International | | Total | |
|--|-----------|-----------|---------------|----------|---------------------|--------|-----------|-----------|
| | 2010 | 2009 | 2010 | 2009 | 2010 | 2009 | 2010 | 2009 |
| Three months ended June 30 | | | | | | | | |
| Sales and operating revenues, net of royalties | \$ 2,483 | \$ 2,228 | \$ 2,018 | \$ 1,622 | \$ 67 | \$ 66 | \$ 4,568 | \$ 3,916 |
| Expenditures on property, plant and equipment ⁽¹⁾ | 492 | 313 | 51 | 50 | 95 | 129 | 638 | 492 |
| Six months ended June 30 | | | | | | | | |
| Sales and operating revenues, net of royalties | \$ 5,026 | \$ 4,518 | \$ 3,886 | \$ 2,934 | \$ 127 | \$ 114 | \$ 9,039 | \$ 7,566 |
| Expenditures on property, plant and equipment ⁽¹⁾ | 1,096 | 914 | 73 | 81 | 203 | 235 | 1,372 | 1,230 |
| As at June 30 | | | | | | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment, net | \$ 16,903 | \$ 16,301 | \$ 3,613 | \$ 3,866 | \$ 1,147 | \$ 751 | \$ 21,663 | \$ 20,918 |
| Goodwill ⁽²⁾ | 160 | 160 | 536 | 588 | - | - | 696 | 748 |

⁽¹⁾ Excludes capitalized costs related to asset retirement obligations incurred during the period.

⁽²⁾ Goodwill relates to Western Canada in the upstream segment and to the Lima Refinery in the downstream segment - U.S. Refining and Marketing. Changes in goodwill for the U.S. arise from translation of goodwill in the Company's self-sustaining U.S. operations.

Note 2 Significant Accounting Policies

The interim consolidated financial statements of Husky Energy Inc. ("Husky" or "the Company") have been prepared by management in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Canada. The interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared following the same accounting policies and methods of computation as the consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009. The interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto in the Company's annual report for the year ended December 31, 2009. Certain prior years' amounts have been reclassified to conform with current presentation.

Note 3 Pending Accounting Pronouncements

a) Business Combinations

In January 2009, the CICA issued Section 1582, "Business Combinations," which will replace CICA Section 1581 of the same name. Under this guidance, the purchase price used in a business combination is based on the fair value of shares exchanged at their market price at the date of the exchange. Currently the purchase price used is based on the market price of the shares for a reasonable period before and after the date the acquisition is agreed upon and announced. This new guidance generally requires all acquisition costs to be expensed, which currently are capitalized as part of the purchase price. Contingent liabilities are to be recognized at fair value at the acquisition date and remeasured at fair value through earnings each period until settled. Currently only contingent liabilities that are resolved and payable are included in the cost to acquire the business. In addition, negative goodwill is required to be recognized immediately in earnings, unlike the current requirement to eliminate it by deducting it from non-current assets in the purchase price allocation. Section 1582 is effective for Husky on January 1, 2011 with prospective application and early adoption permitted.

b) Consolidated Financial Statements

In January 2009, the CICA issued Section 1601, "Consolidated Financial Statements," which will replace CICA Section 1600 of the same name. This guidance requires uniform accounting policies to be consistent throughout all consolidated entities and the difference between reporting dates of a parent and a subsidiary to be no longer than three months. These are not explicitly required under the current standard. Section 1601 is effective for Husky on January 1, 2011 with early adoption permitted. This standard will have no impact to the Company.

c) Non-controlling Interests

In January 2009, the CICA issued Section 1602, "Non-controlling Interests," which will replace CICA Section 1600, "Consolidated Financial Statements." Minority interest is now referred to as non-controlling interest ("NCI"), and is presented within equity. Under this new guidance, when there is a loss or gain of control, the Company's remaining or initial interest is revalued at fair value. Currently an increase in an investment is accounted for using the purchase method and a decrease in an investment is accounted for as a sale resulting in a gain or loss in earnings. In addition, at the time of an acquisition, NCI may be reported at fair value or at the proportionate share of the fair value of the acquired net assets and allocation of the net income to the NCI will be on this basis. Currently, NCI is recorded at the carrying amount and can only be in a deficit position if the NCI has an obligation to fund the losses. This standard will have no impact to the Company. Section 1602 requires retrospective application as at its effective date of January 1, 2011 with early adoption permitted.

d) International Financial Reporting Standards

The AcSB confirmed that Canadian publicly accountable entities will be required to report under International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), which will replace Canadian generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") for years beginning on or after January 1, 2011.

In July 2009, the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") approved additional IFRS transitional exemptions that will allow entities to allocate their oil and gas asset balance as determined under full cost accounting to the IFRS categories of exploration and evaluation assets and development and producing properties.

Husky expects that the areas of most significant impact will include property, plant, and equipment and asset retirement obligations.

Note 4 Cash Flows - Change in Non-cash Working Capital

| | Three months ended June 30 | | Six months ended June 30 | |
|---|-------------------------------|----------|-----------------------------|------------|
| | 2010 | 2009 | 2010 | 2009 |
| a) Change in non-cash working capital was as follows: | | | | |
| Decrease (increase) in non-cash working capital | | | | |
| Accounts receivable | \$ (63) | \$ (41) | \$ (352) | \$ 185 |
| Inventories | (38) | (281) | (188) | (337) |
| Prepaid expenses | (30) | (12) | (31) | (19) |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | (202) | (93) | (210) | (955) |
| Change in non-cash working capital | \$ (333) | \$ (427) | \$ (781) | \$ (1,126) |
| Relating to: | | | | |
| Operating activities | \$ (308) | \$ (265) | \$ (591) | \$ (585) |
| Financing activities | (27) | 10 | 3 | (153) |
| Investing activities | 2 | (172) | (193) | (388) |
| b) Other cash flow information: | | | | |
| Cash taxes paid | \$ 90 | \$ 258 | \$ 689 | \$ 955 |
| Cash interest paid | 85 | 40 | 109 | 69 |

Cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2010 included \$6 million of bank overdraft and \$110 million of short-term investments with maturities less than three months.

Note 5 Bank Operating Loans

At June 30, 2010, the Company had unsecured short-term borrowing lines of credit with banks totalling \$395 million (December 31, 2009 - \$395 million). As at June 30, 2010, letters of credit under these lines of credit totalled \$129 million (December 31, 2009 - \$133 million). As at June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, there were no bank operating loans outstanding.

The Sunrise Oil Sands Partnership has an unsecured demand credit facility of \$10 million available for general purposes. The Company's proportionate share is \$5 million. As at June 30, 2010, there was no balance outstanding under this credit facility.

Note 6 Long-term Debt

| | Maturity | June 30 2010 | Dec. 31 2009 |
|--|----------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Long-term debt | | | |
| 6.25% notes (U.S. \$400) | 2012 | \$ 424 | \$ 419 |
| 5.90% notes (U.S. \$750) ⁽¹⁾ | 2014 | 800 | 785 |
| 3.75% medium-term notes ⁽¹⁾ | 2015 | 308 | - |
| 7.55% debentures (U.S. \$200) ⁽¹⁾ | 2016 | 224 | 208 |
| 6.20% notes (U.S. \$300) ⁽¹⁾ | 2017 | 340 | 312 |
| 6.15% notes (U.S. \$300) | 2019 | 318 | 314 |
| 7.25% notes (U.S. \$750) | 2019 | 796 | 785 |
| 5.00% medium-term notes | 2020 | 400 | - |
| 6.80% notes (U.S. \$387) | 2037 | 410 | 405 |
| Debt issue costs ⁽²⁾ | | (29) | (26) |
| Unwound interest rate swaps | | 25 | 27 |
| | | \$ 4,016 | \$ 3,229 |

⁽¹⁾ A portion of the Company's debt is designated in a fair value or cash flow hedging relationship for interest rate risk management and recorded at fair value. Refer to Note 12.

⁽²⁾ Calculated using the effective interest rate method.

On December 21, 2009, Husky filed a debt shelf prospectus with the Alberta Securities Commission that enables Husky to offer up to \$1 billion of medium-term notes in Canada until January 21, 2012. During the 25-month period that the shelf prospectus is effective, medium-term notes may be offered in amounts, at prices and on terms to be determined based on market conditions at the time of sale. On March 12, 2010, Husky issued \$300 million of 3.75% notes due March 12, 2015 and \$400 million of 5.00% notes due March 12, 2020. The notes are redeemable at the option of the Company at any time, subject to a make whole provision. Interest is payable semi-annually. The notes are unsecured and unsubordinated and rank equally with all of Husky's other unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Six months ended June 30, 2010 (unaudited)

Except where indicated and per share amounts, all dollar amounts are in millions.

Interest - net consisted of:

| | Three months ended June 30 | | Six months ended June 30 | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|-----------------------------|-------|
| | 2010 | 2009 | 2010 | 2009 |
| Interest expense | | | | |
| Long-term debt | \$ 57 | \$ 48 | \$ 111 | \$ 81 |
| Contribution payable | 22 | 23 | 44 | 48 |
| Short-term debt | - | - | - | 3 |
| | 79 | 71 | 155 | 132 |
| Amount capitalized | (4) | - | (8) | - |
| | 75 | 71 | 147 | 132 |
| Interest income | | | | |
| Contribution receivable | (19) | (20) | (38) | (42) |
| Other | (1) | (1) | (5) | (2) |
| | (20) | (21) | (43) | (44) |
| Interest - net | \$ 55 | \$ 50 | \$ 104 | \$ 88 |

Foreign exchange (gains) and losses consisted of:

| | Three months ended June 30 | | Six months ended June 30 | |
|--|-------------------------------|---------|-----------------------------|---------|
| | 2010 | 2009 | 2010 | 2009 |
| (Gain) loss on translation of U.S. dollar denominated long-term debt | \$ 94 | \$ (83) | \$ 29 | \$ (51) |
| (Gain) loss on cross currency swaps | (16) | 34 | (5) | 22 |
| (Gain) loss on contribution receivable | (57) | 116 | (18) | 74 |
| Other gains | (40) | (33) | (26) | (44) |
| (Gain) loss | \$ (19) | \$ 34 | \$ (20) | \$ 1 |

Interest coverage ratios:

| | Six months ended June 30 | |
|--|-----------------------------|------|
| | 2010 | 2009 |
| Interest coverage ratios on long-term debt ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾ | | |
| Earnings | 8.4 | 21.9 |
| Cash flow | 14.0 | 38.7 |
| Interest coverage ratios on total debt ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾ | | |
| Earnings | 8.3 | 21.0 |
| Cash flow | 13.7 | 37.2 |

⁽¹⁾ Interest coverage on long-term debt on an earnings basis is equal to earnings before interest expense on long-term debt and income taxes divided by interest expense on long-term debt and capitalized interest. Interest coverage on long-term debt on a cash flow basis is equal to cash flow from operating activities before interest expense on long-term debt and current income taxes divided by interest expense on long-term debt and capitalized interest. Long-term debt includes the current portion of long-term debt.

⁽²⁾ Interest coverage on total debt on an earnings basis is equal to earnings before interest expense on total debt and income taxes divided by interest expense on total debt and capitalized interest. Interest coverage on total debt on a cash flow basis is equal to cash flow from operating activities before interest expense on total debt and current income taxes divided by interest expense on total debt and capitalized interest. Total debt includes short and long-term debt.

⁽³⁾ Calculated for the 12 months ended for the dates shown.

Note 7 Other Long-term Liabilities

Asset Retirement Obligations

Changes to asset retirement obligations were as follows:

| | Six months ended June 30 | |
|---|--------------------------|--------|
| | 2010 | 2009 |
| Asset retirement obligations at beginning of year | \$ 793 | \$ 711 |
| Liabilities incurred/acquired | 11 | 10 |
| Liabilities disposed | (1) | (2) |
| Liabilities settled | (22) | (15) |
| Accretion | 26 | 25 |
| Asset retirement obligations at June 30 | \$ 807 | \$ 729 |

At June 30, 2010, the estimated total undiscounted inflation-adjusted amount required to settle outstanding asset retirement obligations was \$5.9 billion. These obligations will be settled based on the useful lives of the underlying assets, which currently extend an average of 30 years into the future. This amount has been discounted using credit-adjusted risk free rates ranging from 6.2% to 9.6%.

Note 8 Commitments and Contingencies

The Company has no material litigation other than various claims and litigation arising in the normal course of business. While the outcome of these matters is uncertain and there can be no assurance that such matters will be resolved in the Company's favour, the Company does not currently believe that the outcome of adverse decisions in any pending or threatened proceedings related to these and other matters or any amount which it may be required to pay by reason thereof would have a material adverse impact on its financial position, results of operations or liquidity.

In the normal course of business, Husky is obligated to make future payments. These obligations represent contracts and other commitments that are known and non-cancellable. Refer to Husky's 2009 annual MD&A under Section 8.3, "Cash Requirements," which summarizes contractual requirements and commercial commitments as at December 31, 2009. During the first six months of 2010, the Company issued \$400 million in medium-term notes due March 12, 2020 at 5.00% per annum, payable semi-annually and \$300 million in medium-term notes due March 12, 2015 at 3.75% per annum, payable semi-annually. During the first half of 2010, the Company increased its unconditional purchase obligations by \$1,000 million, \$279 million in 2010, \$96 million in 2011/2012, \$500 million in 2013/2014 and \$125 million thereafter. The purchase obligations are related to the Company's East Coast operations (\$250 million) and refined product purchases (\$750 million).

The Terra Nova oil field is divided into three distinct areas known as the Graben, the East Flank and the Far East. Husky currently holds a combined 12.51% working interest in the field, subject to redetermination. The process of working interest redetermination is before an arbitrator who is expected to make a decision by the third quarter of 2010. Arbitration will result in Husky's combined working interest ranging between 10.58% and 15.15%, with a pre-tax earnings impact ranging between a loss of \$150 million and a gain of \$250 million. At this time, the outcome of the arbitration process is not reasonably determinable therefore no amount has been reflected in the Consolidated Financial Statements as at June 30, 2010.

Note 9 Share Capital

The Company's authorized share capital consists of an unlimited number of no par value common and preferred shares.

Common Shares

Changes to issued common shares were as follows:

| | Six months ended June 30 | | | |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| | 2010 | | 2009 | |
| | Number of Shares | Amount | Number of Shares | Amount |
| Balance at beginning of year | 849,860,935 | \$ 3,585 | 849,354,810 | \$ 3,568 |
| Options exercised | - | - | 498,125 | 16 |
| Balance at June 30 | 849,860,935 | \$ 3,585 | 849,852,935 | \$ 3,584 |

Stock Options

In accordance with the Company's stock option plan, common share options may be granted to officers and certain other employees. The stock option plan is a tandem plan that provides the stock option holder with the right to exercise the option or surrender the option for a cash payment. The exercise price of the option is equal to the weighted average trading price of the Company's common shares during the five trading days prior to the date of the award. For options granted prior to 2010, when the option is surrendered for cash, the cash payment is the difference between the weighted average trading price of the Company's common shares on the trading day prior to the surrender date and the exercise price of the option. For options granted in 2010, when the option is surrendered for cash, the cash payment is the difference between the weighted average trading price of the Company's common shares for the five trading days following the surrender date and the exercise price of the option.

All stock options awarded have a maximum term of five years. Normal options granted vest over three years on the basis of one-third per year. Performance options granted may vest in up to one-third increments if the Company's annual total shareholder return (stock price appreciation and cumulative dividends on a reinvested basis) falls within certain percentile ranks relative to its industry peer group. The ultimate number of performance options that vest will depend upon the Company's performance measured over three calendar years. If the Company's performance is below the specified level compared with its industry peer group, the performance options awarded will be forfeited. If the Company's performance is at or above the specified level compared with its industry peer group, the number of performance options exercisable shall be determined by the Company's relative ranking.

The following tables cover all stock options granted by the Company for the periods shown.

| | Six months ended June 30 | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--|
| | 2010 | | 2009 | |
| | Number of Options (thousands) | Weighted Average Exercise Prices | Number of Options (thousands) | Weighted Average Exercise Prices |
| Outstanding, beginning of year | 28,399 | \$ 40.78 | 30,827 | \$ 40.10 |
| Granted | 8,402 | \$ 28.09 | 863 | \$ 29.81 |
| Exercised for common shares | - | \$ - | (498) | \$ 12.53 |
| Surrendered for cash | (5) | \$ 16.41 | (730) | \$ 13.01 |
| Forfeited | (5,514) | \$ 41.33 | (1,513) | \$ 41.60 |
| Outstanding at June 30 | 31,282 | \$ 37.28 | 28,949 | \$ 40.87 |
| Options exercisable at June 30 | 17,412 | \$ 41.08 | 13,079 | \$ 41.03 |

| Range of Exercise Price | June 30, 2010 | | | Options Exercisable | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|-------------------------------------|--|
| | Number of Options (thousands) | Weighted Average Exercise Prices | Weighted Average Contractual Life (years) | Number of Options (thousands) | Weighted Average Exercise Prices |
| \$24.14 - \$29.99 | 9,258 | \$ 28.19 | 5 | 244 | \$ 27.57 |
| \$30.00 - \$34.99 | 1,988 | \$ 31.58 | 3 | 771 | \$ 32.10 |
| \$35.00 - \$39.99 | 930 | \$ 38.49 | 2 | 719 | \$ 38.06 |
| \$40.00 - \$42.99 | 15,536 | \$ 41.58 | 2 | 14,480 | \$ 41.61 |
| \$43.00 - \$45.02 | 3,570 | \$ 45.02 | 3 | 1,198 | \$ 45.02 |
| | 31,282 | \$ 37.28 | 3 | 17,412 | \$ 41.08 |

Performance Share Units

In May 2010, the Board of Directors of Husky established the Performance Share Unit Plan for certain officers and employees of the Company. A performance share unit ("PSU") is a time-vested award entitling participants to receive cash based on the Company's share price at the time of vesting. The amount of cash is contingent on the Company's total shareholder return relative to a peer group of companies. On May 6, 2010, 230,000 PSUs were granted to senior management.

Note 10 Employee Future Benefits

Total benefit costs recognized were as follows:

| | Three months ended June 30 | | Six months ended June 30 | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|-----------------------------|-------|
| | 2010 | 2009 | 2010 | 2009 |
| Employer current service cost | \$ 8 | \$ 8 | \$ 17 | \$ 16 |
| Interest cost | 4 | 4 | 7 | 7 |
| Expected return on plan assets | (3) | (2) | (5) | (4) |
| Amortization of net actuarial losses | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| | \$ 10 | \$ 11 | \$ 21 | \$ 21 |

Note 11 Related Party Transactions

On May 11, 2009, the Company issued 5 and 10-year senior notes of U.S. \$251 million and U.S. \$107 million, respectively, to certain management, shareholders, affiliates and directors. These notes were offered through an existing base shelf prospectus, which was filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission in February 2009. The coupon rates offered were 5.90% and 7.25% for the 5- and 10-year tranches respectively. Subsequent to this offering, U.S. \$22 million of the 5-year senior notes and U.S. \$75 million of the 10-year senior notes issued to related parties were sold to third parties. These transactions were measured at the exchange amount, which was equivalent to the fair market value at the date of the transaction and have been carried out on the same terms as would apply with unrelated parties. At June 30, 2010, the senior notes are included in long-term debt on the Company's balance sheet.

TransAlta Power, L.P. ("TAPLP") is under the indirect control of one of Husky's principal shareholders. TAPLP is a 49.99% owner in TransAlta Cogeneration, L.P. ("TACLPL") which is the Company's joint venture partner for the Meridian cogeneration facility at Lloydminster. The Company sells natural gas to the Meridian cogeneration facility and other cogeneration facilities owned by TACLPL. These natural gas sales are related party transactions and have been measured at the exchange amount. For the six months ended June 30, 2010, the total value of natural gas sales to the Meridian and other cogeneration facilities owned by TACLPL was \$51 million (2009 - \$21 million). At June 30, 2010, the total value of accounts receivables related to these transactions was nil.

Note 12 Financial Instruments and Risk Management

Details of the Company's significant accounting policies and risk management for the recognition and measurement of financial instruments and the basis for which income and expense are recognized are disclosed in Note 3 and Note 23 of the Company's 2009 consolidated financial statements.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company's financial instruments as at June 30, 2010 included cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, contribution receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, contribution payable, long-term debt, the derivative portion of cash flow hedges, fair value hedges and freestanding derivatives.

The carrying value of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximates their fair value due to the short-term maturity of these items.

At June 30, 2010, the carrying value of the contribution receivable and contribution payable was \$1.3 billion and \$1.5 billion respectively. The fair value of these financial instruments is not readily determinable due to uncertainties regarding timing of the cash flows.

The estimation of the fair value of commodity derivatives incorporates forward prices and adjustments for quality or location. The estimation of the fair value of interest rate and foreign currency derivatives incorporates forward market prices, which are compared to quotes received from financial institutions to ensure reasonability.

The derivative portion of cash flow hedges, fair value hedges, and free standing derivatives that are recorded at fair value on a recurring basis have been categorized into one of three categories based upon fair value hierarchy in accordance with CICA handbook Section 3862. Fair value of assets and liabilities included in Level 1 are determined by reference to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities. Assets and liabilities in Level 2 include valuations using inputs other than quoted prices for which all significant outputs are observable, either directly or indirectly. Level 3 valuations are based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement. All of Husky's assets and liabilities that are recorded at fair value on a recurring basis are included in Level 2.

Commodity Price Risk Management

Natural Gas Contracts

At June 30, 2010, the Company had the following third party offsetting physical purchase and sale natural gas contracts, which meet the definition of a derivative instrument:

| | Volumes (mmcf) | Fair Value |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|------------|
| Physical purchase contracts | 23,001 | \$ (10) |
| Physical sale contracts | (23,001) | \$ 11 |

These contracts have been recorded at their fair value in accounts receivable and accrued liabilities and the resulting unrealized loss of \$1 million (2009 – loss of less than \$1 million) has been recorded in other expenses in the Consolidated Statements of Earnings and Comprehensive Income.

Natural Gas Storage Contracts

At June 30, 2010, the Company had the following third party physical purchase and sale natural gas storage contracts, which meet the definition of a derivative instrument:

| | Volumes (mmcf) | Fair Value |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|------------|
| Physical purchase contracts | 6,793 | \$ (6) |
| Physical sale contracts | (45,640) | \$ 26 |

These contracts have been recorded at their fair value in accounts receivable and accrued liabilities and the resulting unrealized gain of \$7 million (2009 – \$30 million loss) has been recorded in other expenses in the Consolidated Statements of Earnings and Comprehensive Income. The natural gas inventory of 38,848 mmcf (2009 – 9,895 mmcf) held in storage is recorded at fair value. At June 30, 2010, the fair value of the inventory was \$173 million (2009 – \$127 million), resulting in a \$24 million unrealized loss (2009 – \$40 million unrealized gain) recorded in other expenses in the Consolidated Statements of Earnings and Comprehensive Income.

Oil Contracts

On July 1, 2009, the Company designated certain crude oil purchase and sale contracts as fair value hedges against the changes in the fair value of the inventory held in storage. The assessment of effectiveness for the fair value hedges excludes changes between current market prices and market prices on the settlement date in the future.

At June 30, 2010, the Company had the following third party crude oil purchase contracts, which have been designated as a fair value hedge:

| | Volumes (bbls) | Fair Value |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|------------|
| Physical purchase contracts | 1,963,684 | \$ (5) |

These contracts have been recorded at their fair value in accounts receivable and the resulting unrealized loss of \$5 million has been recorded in cost of sales in the Consolidated Statements of Earnings and Comprehensive Income. The crude oil inventory held in storage is recorded at fair value. At June 30, 2010, the fair value of the inventory was \$136 million, resulting in a gain of \$2 million recorded in cost of sales in the Consolidated Statements of Earnings and Comprehensive Income.

The Company has entered into contracts for future crude oil purchases, whereby there is a requirement to pay the market difference of the inventory price paid at delivery and the current market price at the settlement date in the future. The contracts have been recorded at fair value in accounts receivable and accrued liabilities. For the six months ended June 30, 2010, a loss of \$5 million has been recorded in other expenses in the Consolidated Statements of Earnings and Comprehensive Income.

Interest Rate Risk Management

At June 30, 2010, the Company had entered into a fair value hedge using interest rate swap arrangements whereby the fixed interest rate coupon on the long-term debt was swapped to floating rates with the following terms:

| Notional Amount | Swap Maturity | Swap Rate ⁽¹⁾ (percent) | Fair Value |
|-----------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|------------|
| U.S. \$ 200 | November 15, 2016 | LIBOR + 417 bps | \$ 12 |
| U.S. \$ 300 | September 15, 2017 | LIBOR + 264 bps | \$ 22 |
| U.S. \$ 150 | June 15, 2014 | LIBOR + 350 bps | \$ 4 |
| Cdn \$ 300 | March 12, 2015 | CDOR + 0.83% | \$ 8 |

⁽¹⁾ Weighted average rate.

These contracts have been recorded at fair value in other long-term liabilities. As at June 30, 2010, the Company recognized an unrealized gain of \$11 million on the interest rate swap arrangements recorded in interest expense in the Consolidated Statements of Earnings and Comprehensive Income.

Foreign Currency Risk Management

The Company manages its exposure to foreign exchange fluctuations by balancing the U.S. dollar denominated cash flows with U.S. dollar denominated borrowings and other financial instruments. Husky utilizes spot and forward sales to convert cash flows to or from U.S. or Canadian currency. At June 30, 2010, the Company had a cash flow hedge using the following cross currency debt swaps:

| Debt | Swap Amount | Canadian Equivalent | Swap Maturity | Interest Rate (percent) | Fair Value |
|-------------|-------------|---------------------|---------------|----------------------------|------------|
| 6.25% notes | U.S. \$ 150 | \$ 211 | June 15, 2012 | 7.41 | \$ (60) |
| 6.25% notes | U.S. \$ 75 | \$ 89 | June 15, 2012 | 5.65 | \$ (9) |
| 6.25% notes | U.S. \$ 50 | \$ 59 | June 15, 2012 | 5.67 | \$ (5) |
| 6.25% notes | U.S. \$ 75 | \$ 88 | June 15, 2012 | 5.61 | \$ (7) |

These contracts have been recorded at fair value in other long-term liabilities. The portion of the fair value of the derivative related to foreign exchange has been recorded in earnings to offset the foreign exchange on the translation of the underlying debt and the remaining gain has been included in Other Comprehensive Income ("OCI").

The Company enters into short-dated foreign exchange contracts to fix the exchange rate for conversion of U.S. dollars to Canadian dollars. During the first six months of 2010, the impact of these contracts was a realized gain of \$18 million (2009 - gain of \$5 million) recorded in foreign exchange expense.

As at June 30, 2010, the Company has designated U.S \$987 million (2009 - \$687 million) of its U.S. debt as a hedge of the Company's net investment in the U.S refining operations, which are considered self-sustaining. In the first six months of

2010, the unrealized foreign exchange loss arising from the translation of the debt was \$13 million (2009 - \$37 million gain), net of tax recovery of \$1 million (2009 - \$6 million expense), which was recorded in OCI.

Held-for-Trading Financial Liabilities

The Company's cross currency swaps have been designated as a cash flow hedge and the derivative component of the hedge meets the definition of a held-for-trading financial liability. The cross currency swaps counterparties' credit profiles have not materially changed over the past year or since inception. As a result, the amount of change during the period and cumulatively in the fair value of the cross currency swaps has not been materially impacted by changes resulting from credit risk. At maturity, the Company is contractually obligated under the cross currency swaps to pay \$447 million and receive U.S. \$350 million.

Credit Risk

Credit risk represents the financial loss that the Company would suffer if the Company's counterparties to a financial instrument, in owing an amount to the Company, fail to meet or discharge their obligation to the Company. The Company's accounts receivable are broad based with customers in the energy industry, midstream and end user segment and are subject to normal industry risks. The Company's policy to mitigate credit risk includes granting credit limits consistent with the financial strength of the counterparties and customers, requiring financial reassurances as deemed necessary, reducing the amount and duration of credit exposures and close monitoring of all accounts.

The Company's objectives, processes and policies for managing credit risk have not changed from the previous year.

Cash and cash equivalents include cash bank balances and short-term deposits maturing in less than 90 days. The Company manages the credit exposure related to short-term investments by monitoring exposures daily on a per issuer basis relative to predefined investment limits.

The carrying amount of accounts receivable and cash and cash equivalents represents the maximum credit exposure.

Note 13 Government Assistance

Husky has government assistance programs in place where it receives funding based on ethanol sales volume from the Lloydminster and Minnedosa ethanol plants. Applications for funding from the Department of Natural Resources and the Government of Manitoba are submitted on a monthly and quarterly basis, respectively. The programs expire in 2015. Prior to the second quarter of 2010, funding received was based on ethanol production margins. In the second quarter of 2010, amendments were made to the terms under these programs which require funding to be based on ethanol sales volume. In the first quarter of 2010, \$17 million (\$11 million first quarter of 2009) of funding received have been recorded in cost of sales in the Consolidated Statements of Earnings and Comprehensive Income. In the second quarter of 2010, \$15 million (\$16 second quarter of 2009 recorded in cost of sales) of funding received under these programs have been recorded in sales in the Consolidated Statements of Earnings and Comprehensive Income. Under the terms of the programs, funding accepted by the Company could be required to be repaid if certain conditions are not met.